Interactive Survey

100% Anonymous – 100% Anonymous
Minimum Buffer Distance: Irrigation Wells

A. 100 feet or more
B. Less than 100 feet
C. 500 feet or more
Ammonia loss from manure spreading can be reduced by:

A. Increasing crude protein in diets
B. Aging the manure before spreading
C. Incorporating manure after applied
D. Irrigating pond effluent over the top
Which nutrients (N, P, K) are most likely to accumulate in the top 6” of soil?

A. Nitrogen (N)
B. Phosphorus (P)
C. Potassium (K)
D. All three
E. None of the three accumulates
Minimum Buffer Distance: Fences, “Bar” Ditches

A. 100 feet or more
B. Less than 100 feet
C. 500 feet or more
Harvesting Manure For Maximum Fertilizer Value

A. Avoid the use of heavy machinery
B. Collect as much manure from the pen surface as possible
C. Cut only as deep as the top of the manure/soil interface
D. None of the above will improve manure quality
Info Needed: Whole-Field Calibration Method

A. Truck capacity (tons)
B. Swath width (feet)
C. Tons in stockpile at edge of field
D. Field area (acres)
E. Both A and B
F. Both C and D
G. A, B, C, and D
Info Needed: Whole-Truck Calibration Method

A. Truck capacity (tons)
B. Swath width (feet)
C. Field area (acres)
D. Swath length (feet)
E. Distance between swaths (feet)
F. A, B, and D
G. A, D, and E
Info Needed: Single-Pass Calibration Method

A. One centerline tarp, sized so that each pound represents 1 ton/acre
B. Centerline tarps (average) plus offset tarps (average)
C. Two centerline tarps
D. Centerline tarps and offset tarps; add them all up